**Quiz Chapter 3:** **Migration Module 1: Global and Regional Distributions of Migrants Dynamic Study Module**

\_\_\_1.During the first era of immigration to the United States, where did most migrants emigrate from?

1. Africa
2. Canada
3. Europe
4. Latin America
5. Asia

\_\_\_2.What is the most accurate description for the migration transition?

1. It contradicts the demographic transition’s account of population growth.
2. It is a result of the same conditions that led to the demographic transition.
3. It is a result of different conditions than what led to the demographic transition.
4. It explains the birth rate change described in the demographic transition.

\_\_\_3*.* What stage of the migration transition matches the following description?

*This stage is associated with a relatively small society that is growing slowly and exhibits exclusively internal migration, which is perpetual.*

1. Stage 4
2. Stage 2
3. Stage 5
4. Stage 1
5. Stage 3

\_\_\_4. What geographer described the patterns of distance that can be discerned as “laws” of migration?

1. Rubenstein
2. Huntington
3. Zelinsky
4. Sauer
5. Ravenstein

\_\_\_5. Which of the following statements best summarizes the “laws” of migration relating to distance traveled?

1. Migrants usually relocate short distances within the same country.
2. Typically migrants relocate long distances away, where they will remain permanently.
3. Migrants usually relocate short distances, but across country borders.
4. Typically, migrants relocate short distances away, where they only remain temporarily.

\_\_\_6. What term describes the general types of movement from one place to another?

1. Mobility
2. Migration
3. Circulation
4. Immigration
5. Diffusion

\_\_\_7. What is the best example of the type of movement known as circulation?

1. A family relocating to a nearby city to be closer to work
2. Commuters who drive back and forth between home and work each day
3. College students attending school each fall and spring in another city for four years
4. Vacationers who travel to a different international destination each summer

\_\_\_8. What term best represents the following scenario?

*A migrant farm worker moves to the California Central Valley to work seasonally in the fruit and vegetable fields. What was supposed to be temporary and only for the season, ended up being a permanent move when she was unable to afford a return trip home.*

1. Intraregeional migration
2. Forced migration
3. Internal migration
4. Circulation
5. Voluntary migration

\_\_\_9. Which of the following migration patterns is characteristic of countries in Stage 3 of the demographic transition?

1. High international immigration and intraregional migration from cities to suburbs
2. Limited mobility and very little migration
3. High daily or seasonal mobility in search of food
4. High international emigration and interregional migration from rural to urban areas
5. Limited international migration and increasing internal circulation

\_\_\_10. A permanent move from one country to another is considered \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. interregional migration
2. circulation
3. forced migration
4. international migration
5. None of the listed responses is correct.

\_\_\_11. Which of the following activities would be considered intraregional migration?

1. Migration from an older, central city to a nearby suburb
2. Migration to the United States from Mexico
3. Migration from a rural farming town to a city to find work
4. Migration from New York City to a retirement community in Florida
5. Temporary migration from one area of the country to another for school

\_\_\_12. Which of the following scenarios would be considered a forced migration?

1. An unemployed migrant who moves to the city to find work
2. A migrant who is forcibly removed from his homeland for political reasons
3. A migrant who moves from an equatorial country to a more temperate country in the north
4. A migrant who relocates to a city that offers increased outdoor activities such as hiking
5. A nomadic migrant who must migrate seasonally in search of food

­­­­­­\_\_\_13. Which of the following movements represents one of the largest flows of migrants in the world today?

1. From sub-Saharan Africa to Europe
2. From North America to Asia
3. From Asia to Europe
4. From Latin America to Asia
5. From Africa to Australia

\_\_\_14. During the second era of immigration to the United States, where did most migrants emigrate from?

1. Scandinavia
2. Great Britain
3. Germany
4. Italy
5. China

\_\_\_15. From which of the following countries have more migrants immigrated to the United States than any other?

1. Great Britain
2. China
3. Germany
4. Mexico
5. Soviet Union

\_\_\_16. Which of the following U.S. states is a major destination for migrants?

1. Ohio
2. Arizona
3. Virginia
4. California
5. Louisiana

\_\_\_17. Which of the following statements correctly describes the shifting center of population of the United States?

1. A consistent shift eastward
2. A steady shift to the north
3. A rapid shift to the south
4. Relatively little shifting over the past 200 years
5. A consistent shift westward

\_\_\_18. Which of the following statements regarding present-day interregional migration in the United States is correct?

1. Net migration between pairs of regions is minimal.
2. Interregional migration has occurred more rapidly in recent years.
3. Interregional migration because of job opportunities is becoming more common.
4. Most interregional migration now occurs from the West to the Northeast.
5. None of the listed responses is correct.

\_\_\_19. Which of the following was a primary factor driving the Soviet Union’s desire to develop Russia’s Far North?

1. Natural resources
2. Population pressures in cities
3. Desire to decentralize industry
4. Climate
5. Desire to build railways

\_\_\_20. Which of the following statements regarding interregional migration in China is correct?

1. Migration is prohibited by the government.
2. Most migration is to the interior of the country.
3. Most migration is from coastal China westward.
4. Most migration is from rural areas to urban areas along the coast.
5. Interregional migration has steadily decreased in China.

\_\_\_21. In which of the following directions is most Canadian interregional migration occurring?

1. East to north
2. North to south
3. East to west
4. West to east
5. West to south

\_\_\_22. Which of the following statements regarding interregional migration in Brazil is correct?

1. Interior areas have net in-migration.
2. Coastal migration is rapidly increasing.
3. Brazil’s government moved the capital from Rio de Janeiro to Sao Paulo, spurring migration.
4. Coastal areas have net in-migration.
5. Migrants in Brazil are primarily driven by environmental concerns.

\_\_\_23. Why do most people move from rural to urban areas?

1. Environmental concerns
2. Economic advancement
3. Political turmoil
4. Forced migration
5. Social welfare issues

\_\_\_24. What is the main reason for large-scale migration to the suburbs in developed countries?

1. Availability of factory jobs
2. Attractiveness of suburban lifestyle
3. Decline in family farms
4. Availability of affordable older homes in the central city
5. None of the listed responses is correct.

\_\_\_25. Which of the following statements correctly explains why counterurbanization occurs?

1. People desire a slower pace of life and to live on a farm.
2. Migrants want to attend local universities and go to sporting events.
3. Cities offer more affordable apartment homes near the downtown.
4. Family farms decline, leading to unemployment.
5. Factories open up near the city center.